Environmental monitoring techniques for offshore artificial fish reefs and fishing ports

: Effective enhancement and conservation of marine resources, and building a decarbonizing society through macroalgal beds

<u>沖合域人工魚礁や漁港周辺の水産環境モニタリング調査技術</u> 一効果的な水産資源増殖・保全と藻場による脱炭素化社会 に向けて一

CERI (Civil Engineering Research Institute for Cold Region)

Cold-region hydraulic and aquatic environment engineering research group

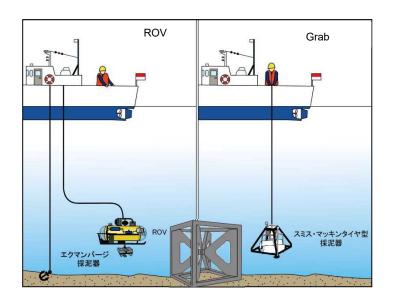
Fisheries civil engineering team (*Previous affiliation)

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(国)土木研究所寒地土木研究所寒地水圏研究グループ・水産土木チーム(*:前所属) 矢部 浩規・森 健二・須藤 賢哉・菅原 吉浩・本山 賢司*・石澤 健志*

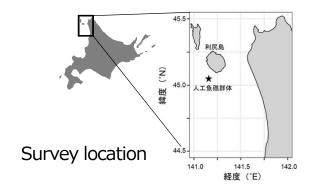
Survey of offshore artificial fish reefs

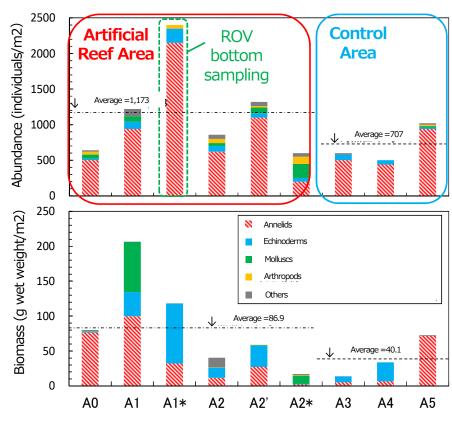
①Survey of benthic organisms





Method of bottom sampling





Biomass of benthic organisms (Jul.25~29, 2018)

②Buoy equipped with a high-resolution dimensioning and weighing detector

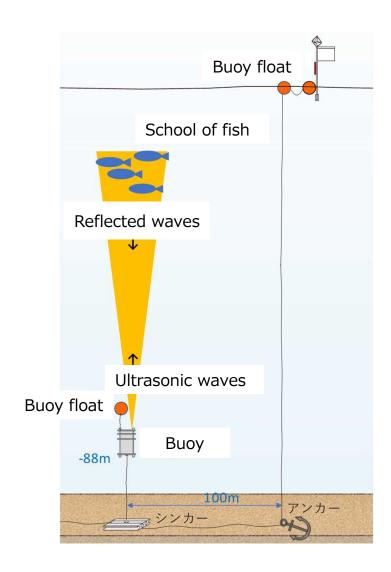
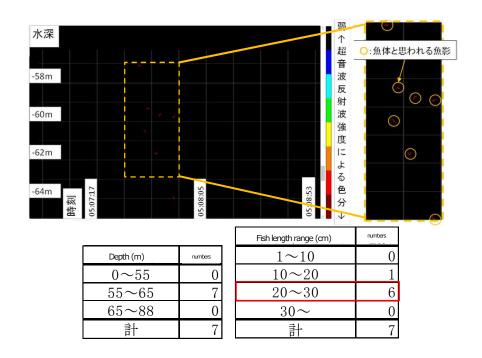


Image of installation





Buoy appearance



Fish shadow and results of depth and fish length

Development of efficient survey methods of macroalgal beds

[Drone aerial photography : Efficient but less accurate]

[Underwater Survey : High accuracy but high cost and inefficiency]







⇒ Integrating both methods

①Increased efficiency through the use of ROV

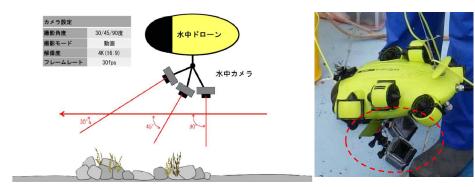
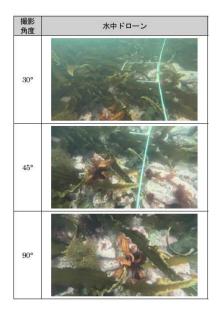


Image of shooting method

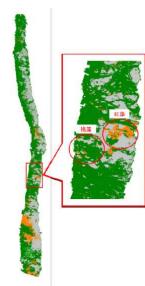
Installing three small cameras

②Understanding the distribution of macroalgal beds by integrating both methods

Images from different shooting angles



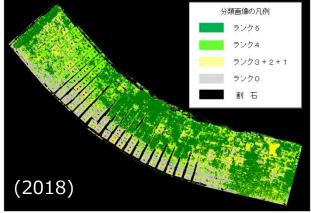
Identifying macroalgal species and distribution through image analysis

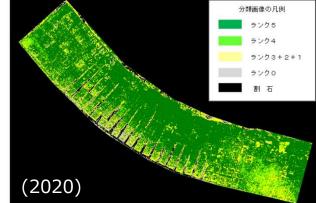


Drone aerial photography



Classification with teacher data





Areas with high coverage and Classified as having a higher areas without macroalgae: similar coverage than the aerial photography